



For research use only

ISO9001

PCR Marker 0.1-3Kbp, Ready-to-use

| Product | Conc. | Cat. No. | Remarks |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------|--------------|
| PCR Marker 0.1-3Kbp, Ready-to-use | 500 µl (66 µg) | EBM-1006 | Ready-to-use |

Description

The PCR marker 0.1-3Kbp is a mixture of 11 double-stranded DNA fragments for determining the size of PCR products ranging from 100 to 3,000 bp. The PCR marker 0.1-3Kbp is supplied in a ready-to-use format. This ladder marker can be stained with ethidium bromide or any other known DNA staining methods.

Storage Buffer

- Marker DNA : 66 µg in 0.5 ml of 10 mM Tris-HCl, pH8.0, 1 mM EDTA, 5% Glycerol, 0.005% Bromophenol Blue, and 0.005% Xylene Cyanol

Recommended Storage Condition

- -20°C for 2 year
- 4°C for 6 months
- Room temperature (20-25°C) for 2 months

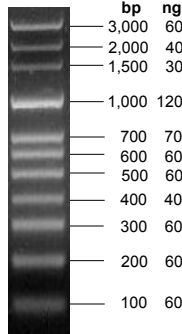
Usage Information

- Concentration : 660 ng/5 µl (66 µg/500 µl)
- Recommended loading : 2-5 µl (100-200 lanes, ready-to-use)
- Range : 100 – 3,000 bp
- Number of bands : 11

Cautions

- Always use the fresh tip to take out marker solution.
(If you do not, trace amount of contaminated DNases from buffer tank may degrade marker DNA rapidly)
- Don't boil the product.
- Use appropriate % of gels for separation of 100 to 3,000 bp sizes
(1 to 2% agarose gel is recommended)
- Confirm that the concentration of DNA staining dye is optimal before use.
(Breakage or suboptimal concentration of ethidium bromide in gel is a main cause of low estimation of marker concentration or your DNA. 5 ng of DNA should be seen in normal condition)
- Loading volume and concentration should be optimized by gel size, well size, and running length.
- Low sized DNA bands can be gradually disappeared as running is progressing.
(This is because some DNA is getting out from gel to buffer during horizontal electrophoresis, not because the DNA concentration is incorrect. This will be the same for your DNA)

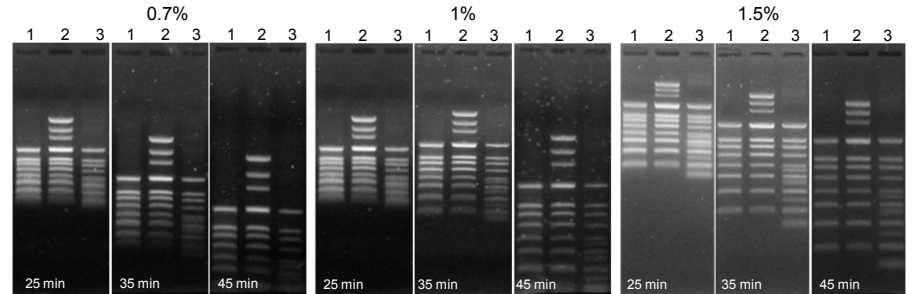
PCR Marker 0.1-3Kbp



5 µl/660 ng/lane ;

1.5% agarose in 0.5x TAE, stained with ethidium bromide

Migration Patterns in Different % of Agarose Gels



1. PCR Marker 0.1-1Kbp (EBM-1005)
2. PCR Marker 0.1-3Kbp (EBM-1006)
3. PCR Marker plus 50bp (EBM-1007)

0.7%, 1%, 1.5%
0.5x TBE Gel
100V constant
EtBr staining

Recommended Gel Percentages for Separation of Linear DNA

| Agarose Gel, % | Range of Separation, bp | Polyacrylamide Gel, % | Range of Separation, bp |
|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 0.5 | 1,000 - 30,000 | 3.5 | 100 - 1,000 |
| 0.7 | 800 - 12,000 | 5 | 80 - 500 |
| 1 | 500 - 10,000 | 8 | 60 - 400 |
| 1.2 | 400 - 7,000 | 12 | 40 - 200 |
| 1.4 | 200 - 4,000 | 20 | 5 - 100 |
| 2 | 50 - 2,000 | | |

DNA Size Migration with Sample Loading Dyes

| Agarose Concentration, % | Xylene cyanol FF | Bromophenol blue | Orange G |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------|
| 0.7 - 1.7 | ~4000 bp | ~300 bp | ~50 bp |
| 2.5 - 3.0 | ~800 bp | ~100 bp | ~30 bp |

Composition of Gel Electrophoresis Buffers

| Buffer | Working Concentration | Stock Concentration (per Liter) | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|----------|
| | | | | |
| Tris-acetate (TAE) | 1x | 20 mM Tris-acetate | Tris base | 96.9 g |
| | | 1 mM EDTA | Glacial acetic acid | 22.84 ml |
| | | | 0.5 M EDTA (pH8.0) | 40 ml |
| Tris-borate (TBE) | 0.5x | 45 mM Tris-borate | Tris base | 108 g |
| | | 1 mM EDTA | Boric acid | 55 g |
| | | | 0.5 M EDTA (pH8.0) | 40 ml |